Nursing Contribution to Strengthen Health Systems

Elizabeth Iro Chief Nursing Officer Brazil, 24 April 2019



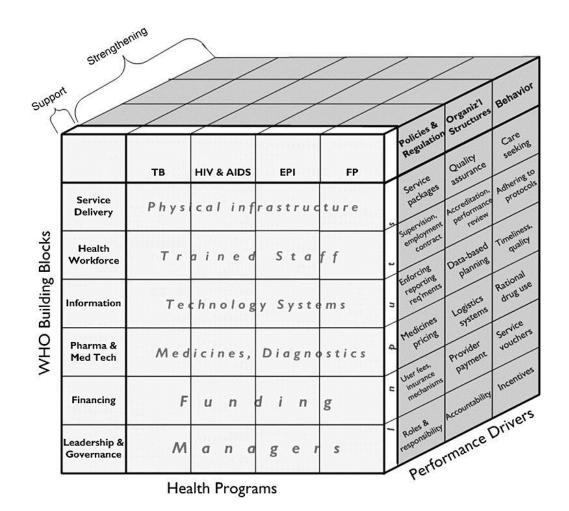
Outline

- Health systems Strengthening
- Integrated patient centered care
- State of the World's Nursing and State of the World's Midwifery 2020 report



Support vs Strengthening:

'plugging gaps' vs. 'sustaining gains & protecting investments'



"Quite simply, health system *strengthening* is about permanently <u>making the system</u> *function* better, not just filling gaps or *supporting* the system to produce better short-term outcomes."

Chee G, Pielemeier N, Lion A, Connor C. Why differentiating between health system support and health system strengthening is needed. The International Journal of Health Planning and Management. 2013;28(1):85-94. doi:10.1002/hpm.2122.



Health systems challenges

EMERGING DEMANDS

SYSTEM CONSTRAINTS



Challenge to today's health services



people lack access to essential health services that could be delivered through primary care. In the Americas, only 22% of primary care providers rate their referral systems with specialized services as good or very good.

Globally, up to 40% of all health care spending is wasted through inefficiency.

45%

of people in Africa rate their level of involvement in decisionmaking about health services as "poor".





In 2009, noncommunicable diseases accounted for **45%** of the burden of disease, **but only 1%** of donor funding for health

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Of 421 million hospitalizations globally each year, about **1 in 10** results in harm to the patient.

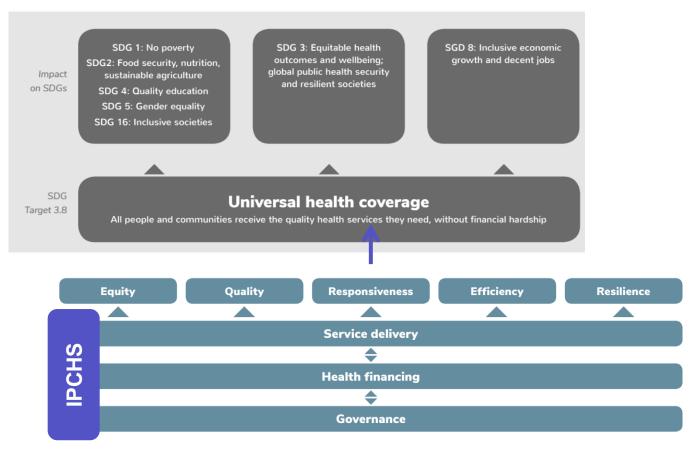
Worldwide, only **14%** of people who need palliative care currently receive it.





IPCHS

Integrated people-centred health services, HSS & UHC



Adapted from WHO/World Bank, 2017, "Healthy systems for UHC - a joint vision for healthy lives".



There is no standard package of HSS actions to progress towards UHC

Every country already has a health system

- This is the starting point for any reform
- Solutions need to be tailored to context
 - Key contextual factors (e.g. fiscal, public administration, political, cultural, etc.) determine both what is feasible to achieve (the WHAT), and what is feasible to implement (the HOW)
- Country level analytic capacity is essential
 - Policy analysis linked to the specific reform agenda (hypotheses)
 - Much more than tracking standard indicators
 - Supporting this capacity and strengthening links to decision making is key role for us at country level



Integrated people centred care

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=pj-AvTOdk2Q



Declaration of Astana





World Health Organization

...provide effective PHC

Cochrane Review (2018) Authors' conclusions:

- Trained (Nurse practitioners, practice nurses, registered nurses) probably provide equal or possibly even better quality of care compared to primary care doctors
- Trained nurses probably achieve equal or better health outcomes for patients
- Nurses probably achieve higher levels of patient satisfaction, compared to primary care doctors
- Consultation length is probably longer when nurses deliver care
- Frequency of attended return visits is probably slightly higher for nurses, compared to doctors.

Source: Laurant M, van der Biezen M, Wijers N, Watananirun K, Kontopantelis E, van Vught A JAH. Nurses as substitutes for doctors in primary care. Cochrane Database of Systematic Reviews 2018, Issue Art. No.: World Health CD00/1271. DOI: 10.1002/14651858.CD001271.pub3

Invitation from the WHO Director-General





Tedros Adhanom Ghebr... 🥝

Following

I have encouraged all countries to engage in policy dialogue around investment in the nursing & midwifery workforce as a means of strengthening people-centered care, creating quality employment opportunities for women & youth, and achieving universal health coverage #HealthForAll



6:25 AM - 4 Oct 2018

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Nursing Now, ICN, Nurses Association and 4 others

♀ 10 1↓ 188 ♡ 305 ☑



The State of the World's Nursing report to

- 1. Provide a global picture of the nursing workforce
- 2. Inform national policy dialogue and drive development of national nursing workforces to optimize the contributions towards UHC and PHC
- 3. Accelerate progress across the SDGs (e.g. education, health, gender equality, decent work, and inclusive growth)
- 4. Unlock investment in nursing, the health workforce, and the gender equity agenda.
- Generate evidence to achieve the Triple Billion Goals in GPW-13



State of the World's Midwifery 2020





World Health Organization

Process

Data

- National Health Workforce Accounts (NHWA)
 - Designated focal point within Ministry of Health
 - Processes for data collection and country validation
- Additional data sources as needed; validated through NHWA process
- Policy Dialogue
- Decision-Making

National Health Workforce Accounts

Implementation Guide





ord Health

Health systems strengthened

Through;

- -State of the world's nursing 2020 report
- -State of the world's midwifery 2020 report
- -Nursing Now Campaign



Thank you



World Health Organization